

Notice of Allowability

Application No.

09/801,913

Examiner

Jin-Cheng Wang

Applicant(s)

TAKEUCHI ET AL.

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1. ☒ This communication is responsive to 3/9/2006.
2. ☒ The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-27.
3. ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of the:
 1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* Certified copies not received: _____.

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.

THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.

4. ☐ A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submitted. Note the attached EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives reason(s) why the oath or declaration is deficient.
 5. ☐ CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.
 - (a) ☐ including changes required by the Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) attached
 - 1) ☐ hereto or 2) ☐ to Paper No./Mail Date _____.
 - (b) ☐ including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date _____.
- Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).
6. ☐ DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

Attachment(s)

1. ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2. ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3. ☐ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date _____
4. ☐ Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material
5. ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6. ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date _____
7. ☒ Examiner's Amendment/Comment
8. ☐ Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance
9. ☐ Other _____

EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT

An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and or additions be unacceptable to the applicants, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

Claim 11: (Currently Amended): A method of generating an overlay image signal composed of an n number of superimposed image signals, n being an integer greater than 2, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) digitally decoding a plurality of image signals by use of a plurality of respective digital decoders;

(b) directly inputting outputs from each of the plurality of digital decoders to an image selector;

(c) selecting from among the plurality of digitally decoded image signals, by use of the image selector, one (1) reference image signal and $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals;

(d) converting resolutions of the n number of selected image signals received directly from the image selector, including the reference image signal and the $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals, into respective adjustable desired resolutions by use of a plurality of resolution converters directly receiving respective outputs [of the] of the image selector, such that any resolution converter can receive any output of the image selector; and

(e) superimposing the (n-1) number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted reference signal, wherein an output of step (d) is output to step (e), and each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector.

Claim 20. (Currently Amended): A method of generating an overlay image signal composed of an n number of selected image signals, n being an integer greater than 2, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) inputting a plurality of image signals directly from a plurality of respective digital decoders to an image selector and selecting one (1) reference image signal and (n-1) number of superimposing image signals from among the plurality of image signals;

(b) converting resolutions of the n number of selected image signals, including the reference image signal and the (n-1) number of superimposing image signals, into respective adjustable desired resolutions by use of a plurality of resolution converters directly inputting respective outputs of the image selector, such that any resolution converter can receive any output of the image selector; [and]

(c) first superimposing the (n-1) number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted reference signal, the first superimposing receiving an output from a subset of a plurality of steps (b); and

(d) second superimposing a directly received output from the first overlay processor and another output of the plurality of steps (b),

wherein an output of step (b) is output to step [(c)] (d), and

each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector.

Reasons for Allowance

1. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance of claims 1-5 in the amendment of 6/23/2005: Nothing in the prior art anticipates or suggests, "a plurality of resolution converters configured to directly receive the selected image signals output from the image selector" in an overlay image processing device for generating an overlay image signal composed of an n number of selected image signals, n being an integer greater than 2, the overlay image processing device comprising: a plurality of digital decoders configured to digitally decode a plurality of image signals; an image selector configured to directly receive outputs from each of the plurality of digital decoders and configured to select from among the plurality of digitally decoded image signals one (1) reference image signal and (n-1) number of superimposing image signals; a plurality of resolution converters configured to directly receive the selected image signals output from the image selector, such that each resolution converter can input any of the respective outputs, to convert resolutions of the n number of selected image signals into respective adjustable desired resolutions, and to output the converted image signals to an image synthesizer, wherein the image synthesizer is configured to superimpose the (n-1) number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted one (1) reference signal, and the image selector is configured to connect each of the digital decoders to any of the resolution converters.

2. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance of claims 6-10 and 24 in the amendment of 6/23/2005: Nothing in the prior art anticipates or suggests, "a plurality of resolution converters configured to directly receive the selected image signals output from the image selector" in an overlay image display device for displaying an overlay image composed of an n number of selected images, n being an integer greater than 2, the overlay image display device comprising: an overlay image processing device for generating an overlay image signal composed of the n number of superimposed image signals; and an image display device for displaying an image represented by the overlay image signal; wherein the overlay image processing device includes: a plurality of digital decoders configured to digitally decode a plurality of image signals; an image selector configured to directly receive outputs from each of the plurality of digital decoders and configured to select from among the plurality of digitally decoded image signals one (1) reference image signal and (n-1) number of superimposing image signals; a plurality of resolution converters configured to directly receive the selected image signals output from the image selector, such that each resolution converter can input any of the respective outputs, to convert resolutions of the n number of selected image signals into respective adjustable desired resolutions, and to output the converted signals to an image synthesizer, wherein the image synthesizer is configured to superimpose the (n-1) number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted one (1) reference signal, and the image selector is configured to connect each of the digital decoders to any of the resolution converters.

3. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance of claims 11-15 and 25 in the amendment of 6/23/2005: Nothing in the prior art anticipates or suggests, "each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector" in a

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method of generating an overlay image signal composed of an n number of superimposed image signals, n being an integer greater than 2, the method comprising the steps of: (a) digitally decoding a plurality of image signals by use of a plurality of respective digital decoders; (b) directly inputting outputs from each of the plurality of digital decoders to an image selector; (c) selecting from among the plurality of digitally decoded image signals, by use of the image selector, one (1) reference image signal and $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals; (d) converting resolutions of the n number of selected image signals received directly from the image selector, including the reference image signal and the $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals, into respective adjustable desired resolutions by use of a plurality of resolution converters directly receiving respective outputs of the image selector, such that any resolution converter can receive any output of the image selector; and (e) superimposing the $(n-1)$ number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted reference signal, wherein an output of step (d) is output to step (e), and each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector.

4. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance of claims 16-19 and 26 in the amendment of 6/23/2005: Nothing in the prior art anticipates or suggests, "the image selector is configured to connect each of the digital decoders to any of the resolution converters" in an overlay image processing device for generating an overlay image signal composed of an n number of selected image signals, n being an integer greater than 2, the overlay image processing device comprising: an image selector configured to select, from among a plurality of image signals received directly from a plurality of respectively digital decoders, one (1) reference image signal and $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals; a plurality of resolution

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converters configured to directly receive the selected image signals output from the image selector, such that each resolution converter can input any of the respective outputs, to convert resolutions of the n number of selected image signals to an image synthesizer, wherein the image synthesizer is configured to superimpose the $(n-1)$ number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted one (1) reference signal, the image synthesizer includes first and second overlay processors connected in series, the first overlay processor is configured to receive an output from a subset of the plurality of resolution converters, and the second overlay processor is configured to directly receive an output from the first overlay processor and another of the plurality of resolution converters, and the image selector is configured to connect each of the digital decoders to any of the resolution converters.

5. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance of claims 20-23 and 27 in the amendment of 6/23/2005: Nothing in the prior art anticipates or suggests, "each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector" in a method of generating an overlay image signal composed of an n number of selected image signals, n being an integer greater than 2, the method comprising the steps of: (a) inputting a plurality of image signals directly from a plurality of respective digital decoders to an image selector and selecting one (1) reference image signal and $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals from among the plurality of image signals; (b) converting resolutions of the n number of selected image signals, including the reference image signal and the $(n-1)$ number of superimposing image signals, into respective adjustable desired resolutions by use of a plurality of resolution converters directly inputting respective outputs of the image selector, such that any resolution converter can receive any output of the image selector; (c) first superimposing the $(n-$

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1) number of converted superimposing image signals on the converted reference signal, the first superimposing receiving an output from a subset of a plurality of steps (b); and (d) second superimposing a directly received output from the first overlay processor and another output of the plurality of steps (b), wherein an output of step (b) is output to step wherein an output of step (b) is output to step (d), and each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector.

6. The cited reference, Odryna et al. U.S. Pat. No. 6,333,750 teaches a plurality of digital decoders configured to digitally decode a plurality of image signals wherein each of the plurality of digital decoder incorporated in each of the input cards, Input A, Input B, Input C of Figure 17. Each of the input card as shown in Figure 21 has a digital decoder 182; see column 15-22.

Odryna further teaches an image selector wherein a combination of control elements and memories within the circuit blocks of Fig. 17 constitutes an image selector. For example, the combination of the set of discrete elements such as the control block 111 shown in Fig. 18 within the system card 110 of Fig. 17, the serial control bus 113 of Figs. 18 and 21, the control array 188 and the memories 186 shown in Fig. 21 within the Input A, or Input B, or Input C of Fig. 17 constitutes the image selector. This is because the control block 111 interconnected and bi-directionally communicates with the serial control bus 113 and the control array 188 and memories 186 interconnected and bi-directionally communicate with the serial control bus 113. The plurality of circuit elements forms an integral control block that constitutes an image selector. The integral control block is responsible for issuing the instructions for the overlay of the image layers; see column 17. It also controls the control gate arrays within the other input cards wherein each of the control gate arrays is programmed via the serial control buses 113; see

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column 21. Note that all the control gate arrays are programmed by the control block 111 of the system card 110 via the serial control bus 113 to control the overlay of the base image with other images. Odryna thus teaches that the outputs of the decoder 182 are directly sent to the image selector comprising the control array 188 of Fig. 21 and the control block 111 of Fig. 18.

Odryna teaches a plurality of resolution converters in which the **scaler 184 of Figure 21** scales the input image and the common control gate array 120 within the system card 110 together with the pixel bus 114 defines how an overlay window is established (column 18, lines 1-15) and thus controls the display resolution. Therefore, the resolution of the input image is controlled by the scaler 184 of each input card, the control gate array 120 of the system card 110 which controls the resolution of the overlay window associated with each input image through the pixel bus 114. The discrete elements performs a resolution conversion. In column 20-21, Odryna teaches another embodiments of the BVIDEO overlay card of Fig. 21 wherein the scaler 184 is utilized at the output of the buffer memory 186 and therefore the scaler 184 and the control gate array 120 together with the pixel bus 114 as a whole directly receives image data outputs from the buffer memory 186 which are controlled by the control gate array 188. Odryna teaches a resolution converter within each of the input cards shown in Fig. 17 wherein the resolution converter (scaler 184) directly receives image data outputs from the image selector comprising the buffer memory 186 and the control gate array 188 as well as the control block 111 and serial control bus 113. Moreover, Odryna teaches a plurality of the resolution converters because each of the plurality of the input cards, Input A, Input B, Input C of Fig. 17 has a scaler 184 together with the control gate array 120 and the pixel bus 114 which controls the resolution of the window overlay from each of the input sources.

However, Odryna is not seen to disclose the claim limitation of “each of the digital decoders can be connected to any of the resolution converters via the image selector” set forth in any of the independent claims 1, 6, 11, 16, and 20.

7. Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled “Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance.”

Conclusion


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jin-Cheng Wang whose telephone number is (571) 272-7665. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 6:30 (Mon-Thu).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner’s supervisor, Kee Tung can be reached on (571) 272-7794. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

jcw



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